P. G. L., (1860,) art. 75, sec. 4. 1856, ch. 112, sec. 91.

4. It shall not be necessary to state any formal commencement or conclusion to any declaration or other plea.

Wilms v. White, 26 Md. 380. Spencer v. Trafford, 42 Md. 1.

Tbid. sec. 5. 1856, ch. 112, secs. 53, 111-112.

5. It shall not be necessary to state time or place in any declaration or plea, except in cases where time or place forms a part of the cause of action or ground of defence.

Patterson v. Wilson, 6 G. & J. 499. Middlekauff v Smith, 1 Md. 339. Dietus v. Fuss, 8 Md. 162. Richardson v. Hall, 21 Md. 404. Gladfelter v. Walker, 40 Md. 11. Spencer v. Trafford, 42 Md. 1. Crook v. Pitcher, 61 Md. 510.

Ibid. sec. 6. 1763, ch. 23. 1856, ch. 112, sec. 36.

6. No special demurrer shall be allowed in any civil case.

Blackburn v. Beall's Ex'r, 21 Md. 208. Spencer v. Trafford, 42 Md. 1. Gott v. State, 44 Md. 319.

Ibid. sec 7. 1856, ch. 112, sec. 37.

7. No general demurrer shall be allowed for a mere informal statement of a cause of action or defence; provided, such statement is sufficient in substance.

Shoop v. Powles, 13 Md. 304. Kent v. Holliday, 17 Md. 387. Blackburn v. Beall's Ex'r, 21 Md. 208. Wilms v. White, 26 Md. 380. McAleer v. Horsey, 35 Md. 439. Miller v. Miller, 41 Md. 623. Spencer v. Trafford, 42 Md. 1. Mitchell v. McCleary, 42 Md. 374.

1867, ch. 388.

8. In all cases, civil and criminal, in which any or either party shall demur to any indictment, declaration, plea, replication, rejoinder, sur-rejoinder, or other plea of any description, of the opposite party, and the said demurrer shall be overruled, the party demurring shall have the right to plead over to the facts of the case by way of traverse or otherwise, without withdrawing his demurrer, and upon appeal or writ of error, shall have the questions of law arising upon the demurrer decided and determined, as fully to every intent as if the party demurring had not pleaded over.